

# Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Streptavidin C1

Catalog Nos. 65001, 65002

Store at 2°C to 8°C

Publication No. MAN0008450

Rev. B.0

## Kit contents

Cat. No.	Volume	Concentration
65001	2 mL	10 mg/mL
65002	10 mL	10 mg/mL

Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Streptavidin C1 Beads contain 10 mg/mL of magnetic beads (~7–10 × 10<sup>9</sup> beads/mL) in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4 with 0.01% Tween™ 20, and 0.09% sodium azide as a preservative.

## Product description

Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Streptavidin C1 Beads have increased binding capacity and lower sedimentation rate compared to standard Dynabeads™ magnetic bead, making them ideal for automated applications, and for isolating larger amounts of biotinylated ligand (e.g., oligonucleotides or peptides) or their specific targets.

The beads are particularly useful for processing nucleic acid samples with a high concentration of chaotropic salts, immunoassays using small biotinylated antigens, and applications that are incompatible with bovine serum albumin (BSA) (Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Beads are not blocked using BSA).

## Required materials

- DynaMag™ Magnet (See [thermofisher.com/magnets](http://thermofisher.com/magnets) for recommendations on magnets appropriate for manual or automated protocols)
- Sample mixer allowing tilting and rotation of tubes (e.g. HulaMixer™ Sample Mixer)
- Buffers and solutions (see Table 1)
- For biotinylation details, download the Molecular Probes Handbook from [thermofisher.com/handbook](http://thermofisher.com/handbook)

## General guidelines

- Use a mixer to tilt/rotate the tubes so Dynabeads™ magnetic beads do not settle at the tube bottom.
- Avoid air bubbles during pipetting.
- Keep the tube on the magnet for up to 2 minutes to ensure that all the beads are collected on the tube wall.
- If it is not necessary to remove preservatives or change buffers, you can omit washing the Dynabeads™ magnetic beads.
- For dilute samples, increase the incubation time or divide the sample into several smaller aliquots.
- Indirect target capture is recommended if molecule-target kinetics are slow, affinity is weak, molecule concentration is low, or molecule-target binding requires optimal molecule orientation and true liquid-phase kinetics.
 

Perform indirect capture by mixing a biotinylated molecule with the sample to capture the molecule target before adding Dynabeads™ magnetic beads.
- Free biotin in the sample reduces the binding capacity of the beads.
  - For antibodies/proteins, remove unincorporated biotin using a disposable separation column or a spin column.
  - For nucleic acids, perform PCR with limiting concentrations of biotinylated primer, or remove free biotinylated primer by ultrafiltration, microdialysis, or other clean-up protocols (PCR clean-up products are available from [thermofisher.com](http://thermofisher.com)).
- Optimize the quantity of beads used for each individual application by titration.
- Use up to two-fold excess of the binding capacity of the biotinylated molecule to saturate streptavidin.
- Binding efficiency can be determined

Table 1 Recommended buffers and solutions

For coupling of nucleic acids	For RNA applications	For coupling of proteins and other molecules
<b>Binding and Washing (B&amp;W) Buffer (2X):</b> 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5) 1 mM EDTA 2 M NaCl	<b>Solution A:</b> DEPC-treated 0.1 M NaOH DEPC-treated 0.05 M NaCl  <b>Solution B:</b> DEPC-treated 0.1 M NaCl	PBS buffer pH 7.4 Additional buffers (if needed): PBS/BSA (PBS, pH 7.4 containing 0.01% [w/v] BSA) PBST (PBS pH 7.4 containing 0.01% [v/v] Tween™ 20)

The salt concentration and pH (typically 5–9) of the chosen binding/washing buffers can be varied depending on the type of molecule to be immobilized. Beads with immobilized molecules are stable in common buffers.

For many applications, adding a detergent, such as 0.01–0.1% Tween™ 20 to the washing/binding buffers reduces non-specific binding.

by comparing molecule concentration before and after coupling.

Both the size of the molecule to be immobilized and the biotinylation procedure will affect the binding capacity. The capacity for biotinylated molecules depends on steric availability and charge interaction between bead and molecule and between molecules. There are two or three biotin binding sites available for each streptavidin molecule on the surface of the bead after immobilization.

## Protocol

### Recommended washing buffers

Application	Washing Buffer	Notes
Nucleic acid	1X B&W Buffer	Dilute 2X B&W Buffer (see Table 1 for recipe) with an equal volume of distilled water.
Antibody/protein	PBS, pH 7.4	

### Wash Dynabeads™ MyOne™ magnetic beads

Calculate the amount of beads required based on their binding capacity (see Table 2), and transfer the beads to a new tube.

- Resuspend the beads in the vial (i.e., vortex for >30 sec, or tilt and rotate for 5 min).
- Transfer the desired volume of beads to a tube.
- Add an equal volume (or at least 1 mL) of Washing Buffer and resuspend.
- Place the tube on a magnet for 1 min and discard the supernatant.
- Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the washed beads in a volume of Washing Buffer equal to the initial volume of beads taken from the vial (step 2).
- Repeat steps 4–5 twice, for a total of 3 washes.

Table 2 Typical binding capacities for one mg of Dynabeads™ magnetic beads.

Biotinylated target	Binding/mg
Free Biotin (pmol)	>2500
Biotinylated peptides (pmol)	~400
Biotinylated antibody (µg)	~20
ds DNA (µg)*	~20
ss oligonucleotides (pmol)*	~500

\* Oligonucleotides and DNA fragments

For oligonucleotides, capacity is inversely related to molecule size (number of bases). Reduced binding capacity for large DNA fragments may be due to steric hindrance.

## Dynabeads™ MyOne™ magnetic beads for RNA applications

Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Streptavidin C1 Beads are not supplied in RNase-free solutions. Prepare the beads for RNA applications according to the following steps:

1. Wash the beads as directed in "Wash Dynabeads™ MyOne™ magnetic beads" (see page 1).
2. Wash the beads twice in Solution A for 2 min. Use a volume of Solution A equal to, or larger than the initial volume of beads originally taken from the vial.
3. Wash the beads once in Solution B. Use a volume of Solution B equal to the volume used for Solution A.
4. Resuspend the beads in Solution B.
5. Coat the beads with the biotinylated molecule of your choice.

### Immobilization protocol

The following instructions describe a general protocol for immobilizing biotinylated molecules on the surface of Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Streptavidin C1 Beads.

For examples of immobilization protocols for specific applications, see "Immobilize nucleic acids" or "Immobilize antibodies/proteins".

1. Wash the beads as directed in "Wash Dynabeads™ MyOne™ magnetic beads" (see page 1).
2. Add the biotinylated molecule to the washed beads.
3. Incubate for 15–30 min at room temperature with gentle rotation of the tube.
4. Place the tube in a magnet for 2–3 min and discard the supernatant.
5. Wash the coated beads 3–4 times in washing buffer.
6. Resuspend to desired concentration in a suitable buffer for your downstream use.

### Immobilize nucleic acids

1. Resuspend washed Dynabeads™ magnetic beads in 2X B&W Buffer to a final concentration of 5 µg/µL (twice original volume).
2. Add an equal volume of biotinylated DNA or RNA (in distilled water). Optimal binding occurs when the NaCl concentration is reduced from 2 M to 1 M.
3. Incubate for 15 min at room temperature using gentle rotation. Incubation time depends on nucleic acid length: short oligonucleotides (<30 bases) require a maximum of 10 min. DNA fragments up to 1 kb require 15 min.
4. Separate the biotinylated DNA or RNA coated beads with a magnet for 2–3 min.
5. Wash the coated beads 2–3 times with 1X B&W Buffer.
6. Resuspend to the desired concentration. Binding is now complete. Resuspend the beads with the immobilized nucleic acid fragment in a suitable buffer with low salt concentration for downstream applications.

### Immobilize antibodies/proteins

1. Incubate the washed Dynabeads™ magnetic beads and biotinylated antibodies in PBS for 30 min at room temperature using gentle rotation.
2. Separate the antibody-coated beads with a magnet for 2–3 min.
3. Wash the coated beads 4–5 times in PBS containing 0.1% BSA.
4. Resuspend to the desired concentration for your application.

## Automation

Magnetic separation and handling using Dynabeads™ magnetic beads can easily be automated on a wide variety of liquid handling platforms. Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Streptavidin C1 Beads share similar properties to Dynabeads™ M-280 Streptavidin Beads but are smaller, making them ideal for automation applications due to their small size, low sedimentation rate, and high magnetic mobility. Selected protocols are available at [thermofisher.com/automation](http://thermofisher.com/automation).

## Description of materials

Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Streptavidin C1 Beads are uniform, 1.0 µm dia. superparamagnetic beads with a streptavidin monolayer covalently coupled to the hydrophilic bead surface. This layer ensures negligible streptavidin leakage while the lack of excess adsorbed streptavidin ensures batch consistency and reproducibility of results.

## Related products

Product	Cat. No.
Dynabeads™ M-280 Streptavidin	11205D
Dynabeads™ M-270 Streptavidin	65305
Dynabeads™ MyOne™ Streptavidin T1	65601
Dynabeads™ Kit kilobaseBINDER™	60101*
DynaMag™-2 Magnet	12321D
HulaMixer™ Sample Mixer	15920D

\* For biotinylated DNA fragments >2 kb.

**REF** on labels is the symbol for catalog number.

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